

As on	No. of Operational projects	No. of Operational AWCs	No. of Supplementary nutrition beneficiaries	No. of pre- school education beneficiaries
31-03-2003	4903	600391	387.84 lakh	188.02 lakh
31-03-2004	5267	649307	415.08 lakh	204.38 lakh
31-03-2005	5422	706872	484.42 lakh	218.41 lakh
31-03-2006	5659	748229	562.18 lakh	244.92 lakh
30-09-2006	5724	781208	654.65 lakh	271.28 lakh

Mai-nourished children

710. SHRI MOINUL HASSAN: Will the Minister of WOMEN AND CHILD DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

(a) the number of mal-nourished children in the country, State-wise and the number of sanctioned and operational Integrated Child Development Scheme (ICDS) in the States;

(b) whether the amount sanctioned for ICDS is enough to face the challenge of mal-nourished children in the country; and

(c) if not, what steps have been taken in this regard?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF WOMEN AND CHILD DEVELOPMENT (SHRIMATI RENUKA CHOWDHURY): (a) State-wise details of prevalence of malnutrition amongst children below 3 years, as per the data of third round of the National Family Health Survey (NFHS), Released recently, is given in the Statement-I (See below).

State-wise details of sanctioned and operational ICDS projects, as on 30.9.2006, is in the Statement-II (See below).

(b) and (c) The budget provision for ICDS Scheme has gone up from Rs. 1837.44 crore in 2004-05 to Rs. 4454.52 crore in 2006-07. Government of India, till the year 2004-05, was not releasing any funds towards supplementary nutrition, which was being provided by the States, out of their own resources. From the year 2005-06, Government of India is supporting States/UTs by providing Central assistance for supplementary

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nutrition also. The assistance is limited to 50% of the actual expenditure incurred by the States/UTs or 50% of the financial norms, whichever is lower. Thus, it would not be correct to infer that the amount sanctioned for ICDS is not enough to meet with the challenge of malnutrition amongst children.

Statement-I

Percentage of children underage 3 years as undernourished

SI. States/Uts Nutritional Status of Children as per NFHS-III (2005-06)				
No.		Stunted (too short for age)	Wasted (too thin for height)	Underweight (too thin for age)
1	2	3	4	5
	India	38	19	46
1	Andhra Pradesh	34	13	36.5
2	. Arunachal Pradesh	34	17	36.9
3	Assam	35	13	40.4
4	Bihar	42	28	58
5	Chhattisgarh	45	18	52.1
6	Delhi	35	16	33.1
7	Goa	21	12	29
8	Gujarat	42	17	47.4
9	Haryana	36	17	41.9
10	Himachal Pradesh	27	19	36.2
11	Jammu & Kashmir	28	15	29.4
12	Jharkhand	41	31	59
13	Karnataka	38	18	41.1
14	Kerala	21	16	28.8
15	Madhya Pradesh	40	33	60
16	Maharashtra	38	35	39.7
17	Manipur	25	8	24

1	2	3	4	5
18	Meghalaya	42	28	46.3
19	Mizoram	30	9	22
20	Nagaland	30	15	30
21	Orissa	38	19	44
22	Punjab	28	9	27
23	Rajasthan	34	20	44
24	Sikkim	29	13	23
25	Tamil Nadu	25	22	33
26	Tripura	30	20	39
27	Uttar Pradesh	46	14	47.3
28	Uttaranchal	32	16	38
29	West Bengal	33	19	43.5

Note: Findings of National Family Health Survey (NFHS-III) (2005-06) has been published by International Institute of Population Sciences (MPS) in respect of 29 States in which survey was conducted.

Statement-II

State-wise number of ICDS Projects sanctioned and operationalised

SI.	State/UT	No. of ICDS Projects				
		Sanctioned upto 31.3.2005	Sanc-tioned during 200506	Sanctioned during 2006-07 (as on 14.2.2007)	Total Sanctioned (as on 14.2.2007)	Operational
1	2	3	4	5	6: Col 3 + 4+5	7
1	Andhra Pradesh	363	13	9	385	366
2	Arunachal Pradesh	58	21	6	85	58
3	Assam	196	23	4	223	196
4	Bihar	394	144	0	538	394

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1	2	3	4	5	6: Col 3 + 4+5	7
5	Chhattisgarh	152	6	5	163	153
6	Goa	11	0	0	11	11
7	Gujarat	227	33	0	260	227
8	Haryana	116	12	9	137	124
9	Himachal Pradesh	72	4	0	76	72
10	Jammu & Kashmir	140	0	0	140	129
11	Jharkhand	204	0	0	204	204
12	Karnataka	185	0	0	185	185
13	Kerala	163	0	0	163	163
14	Madhya Pradesh	336	31	0	367	336
15	Maharashtra	372	44	35	451	397
16	Manipur	34	0	4	38	34
17	Meghalaya	32	7	2	41	38
18	Mizoram	21	2	0	23	23'
19	Nagaland	54	2	0	56	54
20	Orissa	326	0	0	326	326
21	Punjab	142	6	0	148	142
22	Rajasthan	257	17	4	278	262
23	Sikkim	5	6	0	11	9
24	Tamil Nadu	434	0	0	434	434
25	Tripura	40	11	3	54	51
26	Uttar Pradesh	834	1	62	897	834
27	Uttaranchal	99	0	0	99	99
28	West Bengal	358	58	0	416	357
29	A&N Islands	5	0	0	5	5
30	Chandigarh	3	0	0	3	3

1	2	3	4	5	6:Col3 + 4+5	7
31	Delhi	29	5	16	50	29
32	Dadra & N. Haveli	1	1	0	2	1
33	Daman & Diu	2	0	0	2	2
34	Lakshadweep	1	0	0	1	1
35	Pondicherry	5	0	0	5	5
ALL INDIA :		5671	447	159	6277	5724

Survey on well-being of women and children

711. SHRI RAVULA CHANDRA SEKAR REDDY: Will the Minister of WOMEN AND CHILD DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

(a) whether the results of the 'Survey on well-being of children and women' for 43 districts in 14 States of the country have been released;

(b) if so, the details thereof;

(c) whether the nation was committed to achieve the targets set out in the millennium developing goals, especially those concerning the well-being of women and children;

(d) if so, the progress achieved so far, State-wise;

(e) the funds allocated and utilized, State-wise; and

(f) the future action plan prepared in this regard?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF WOMEN AND CHILD DEVELOPMENT (SHRIMATI RENUKA CHOWDHURY): (a) Yes, sir.

(b) National Sample Survey Organization (NSSO) on the request of UNICEF conducted a survey on the well-being of children and women in the 43 selected districts in 14 States of India. A list of 43 districts is at Statement-I (See below). The Survey covered various aspects of well-being of children and women, namely, health, nutrition, education and protection, knowledge and perception on HIV/AIDS and also provided insight of the situation of service delivery in the villages of these districts. Significant